

GENESIS 4:16-18

Aden kid-mat nod ärëtz b yeh-shev vi YHVH fney li mi kayin yetz-eh va
 !dE tmdqi dAn #ra, B. bvYE w: hwby>ynp. Li mi !yq; acVE w: 4`16
 Eden east-of Nod land-of in he-dwelt & YAHVEH face to from Cain went-out &
 'Wandering'

[KJV] And Cain went out from the presence of the LORD, and dwelt in the land of Nod, on the east of Eden.

God isn't willing that any should perish. God could have wiped out Kayin then & there for killing his brother. Instead, by His grace he gave him time to repent. **Apparently some of his descendents repented because Rev 7:9 uses the term 'all'**; however the bulk of them didn't repent, & later drowned in the Flood. Kayin left **Eden** because he was afraid someone would kill him. [For location of Eden see 'Garden of Eden Location' http://www.w-rocs.org/stones/GARDENof%20EDEN_14_stones.pdf]

Chanoch ët talled va tahar vï ishto ët Kayin yada vï
 %Anx]-ta, dl,Tew: rh;T; w: ATvai-ta, !yq; [dYE w: 4`17
 Chanoch et bares & she-conceives & his-wife et Cain knew &
 'To-wet-the-palate'/initiate Spear

[KJV] And Cain knew his wife; and she conceived, and bare Enoch:

INCASE YOU WERE WONDERING....

Adam & Eve's sons married Adam & Eve's daughters, or their brother's or sister's descendants {nieces, & grand nieces, & great grand nieces, etc...} depending on when they were born & when they married.... **Adam & Eve could have continued having children for close to 900 years! Back then the genetic code was perfect.** It didn't become dangerous to marry close relatives until Moses gave the Ten Commandments about a thousand years after the Flood. By then the genetic code had begun to break down.

Chanoch b'no kshem iearr hä shem ye-kra va iearr bowneh y'hë vi
 %Anx] AnB. ~vk. ry[i h' ~ve arqvl w: ry[i hnBo yhiy>w:
 Chanoch his-son as-name city the name he-calls & *city building he-was &
 'To-wet-the-palate'/initiate (*a place that was fortified & watched)

[KJV] and he builded a city, and called the name of the city, after the name of his son, Enoch.

[How the Hebrew text spells it]
 spelling#1

m-coo-ya-el ët yalad Ear-rad va Ear-rad ët Chanoch lä ye-valed vï
 IayWxm.-ta, dly" dry[i w>dry[i-ta, %Anx] I; dl Wl w: 4`18
 Mehujael et he-begot Irad & Irad et Chanoch to was-born &
 'From-Village-First/Strongest!' 'Townsmen'
 [city-wanderer]

[KJV] And unto Enoch was born Irad: and Irad begat Mehujael:

[In the Hebrew text the 2nd spelling is different!]
 spelling #2

Lamech ët yalad Mtushael v Mtushael ët yalad m-key-ya-el oo
 %m,l]-ta, dly" IawWtm W IawWtm.-ta, dly" IayWxm. W
 Lamech et he-begot Methusael & Methusael et he-begot Mehujael &
 Conqueror/Overthrower 'his death also demanded' 'From-living-First [born Person]'
 apparently Cain died just before his birth Cain-see 3:20
 [See explanation below]

[KJV] and Mehujael begat Methusael: and Methusael begat Lamech.

[All page #'s below, unless other wise stated, are from Davidson's 'Analytical Hebrew & Chaldee Lexicon']

Davidson's translation:

l a y l k m .

Mehujael spelling#1 pg 479

h x m

to strike, wipe out or away

l a y l k m . l a y l x i m

'smitten of God'

Dr Henry Morris translation ('The Genesis Record' pg 145)

Mehujael 'God-gives-life'

The Welder's Wife says that the problem with this is that

#1 in the Hebrew 'Mehujael' is spelled 2 different ways [see below]

#2 is that Jude 14-15 says 'And Enoch also, the 7th from Adam, prophesied of these, saying, Behold, the LORD cometh with ten thousands of His saints, to execute judgment upon all, and to convince all that are ungodly among them of all their ungodly deeds which they have ungodly committed, and of all their hard speeches which ungodly sinners have spoken against him.

The natural thing to do is to assume that because the word ends with 'el' that it has something to do with God, but Jude 14-16 says that they were ungodly, so if you translate it without 'God' in the meaning, it makes more sense. If the word ends with 'el' it can also mean something other than 'God' as in the following:

l w a and l y a

pg 12 1) to be the first, chief. 2) to be strong. = pg 12 1) Strong, mighty man, hero 2) power 3) God, the Mighty One 4) an idol

l a e

y a e l
l a y

pg 288 #2 'to begin'

m-coo-yael
l a y l k m .

Mehujael spelling#1

'From-Village-First/Strongest!' (The Welder's Wife!) 1st spelling

m-key-yael
l a y l x i m .

Mehujael spelling #2

'From-Living-First[born-Person] (The Welder's Wife) 2nd spelling

m
m

'from' pg 498

choo
y l x i h w x d

pg 249 'villager'

chayiyim
~ y l x ;

life plural. absolute state pg 256
adj. & subst.

y y x

to live see Gen 3:20

key
y l x i

Living

Davidson's translation: 'Man-of-God' pg 525

Mtushael
l a w Wtm.

htm

Atm

Methusael

pg 526 = pg 525 man 3 per.

Henry Morris' translation: 'God's-man' ('The Genesis Record' pg 145)

The Welder's Wife: See #2 in previous name & then below.

Mtushael
l a w Wtm.

demanded also his-death
l a w W tm.

Methusael

'his death-also-demanded' (The Welder's Wife) because the first three letters are the same as Methuselah name which means 'He-dies-&-it-shall-be-sent!' The first 3 letters say 'He-dies-&/'He-dies-also'. The last three letters mean 'demanded/requested'

Where did I get this from? Years ago I remember **John MacArthur** saying that Methuselah means 'He dies & it shall be sent'. [see 5:21]. Here I am dividing up **Methusael** the same way.

yamot
t m w

he-dies pg 322 fut 3p s m

Wtm

pg 526 3rd p. pl.

root word
t W h

pg 476 to die

tm

3 per sing. masc.

demanded/requested'

l a w

pg 695 & 694 s.m. to ask, request, interrogate

Cain's chief descendants' names in order are

'To-wet-the-palate' [Chanok/Enoch] { which was also the name of Cain's fortified city)

'City-wanderer' [Irada]

'From-Village-First/Strongest!' & 'From-Living-First[born person]' [Mehujael]

'His-death-also-demanded' [Methusael]

'Conqueror/Overthrower' [Lamech] married to 'Adornment' [Adah] & 'Shade (light-blocker)' [Zilla]

'Stream' [Jabal]

'River' [Jubal]

'Increase/Propogation-Spear/Cain' [Tubal-Cain] whose mother was 'Shade (light-blocker)' [Zilla]

'Delightful Pleasure!' [Naamah] whose mother was 'Shade (light-blocker)' [Zilla]

Their names tell a story.